## Problem 7.49

A force  $\vec{F} = (2x + 4)\hat{i}$  acts on a 5.00 kg mass. As the particle moves between x = 1.00 meters and x = 5.00 meters:

a.) How much work does "F" do during the motion?

$$W = \int dW$$

$$= \int \vec{F} \cdot d\vec{r}$$

$$= \int_{x=1.00}^{x=5.00} ((2x+4)\hat{i}) \cdot ((dx)\hat{i})$$

$$= \int_{x=1.00}^{x=5.00} (2x+4) dx$$

$$= (x^2 + 4x)|_{x=1.00}^{x=5.00}$$

$$= ((5.00 \text{ m})^2 + 4(5.00 \text{ m})) - ((1.00 \text{ m})^2 + 4(1.00 \text{ m}))$$

$$= 40.0 \text{ J}$$

1.)

b.) How much change of potential energy must occur between the points?

This question is designed to make you think about the relationship between work done by a conservative force and potential energy. In fact, the relationship is:

$$W_{\text{consForce}} = -\Delta U$$

In *Part a*, we calculated the amount of work done by the conservative force as 40.0 joules. Apparently, according to our relationship, that means:

$$\Delta U = -40.0 \text{ J}$$

c.) The speed the particle ends up with after the run, assuming that at the beginning its speed was 3.00 m/s?

Dang! I was so hoping for a *conservation of energy* problem. Unfortunately, this is just another Work/Energy problem.

2.)

c.) The speed the particle ends up with after the run, assuming that at the beginning its speed was 3.00 m/s?

$$W_{\text{consForce}} = -\Delta U$$

$$W_{\text{net}} = \Delta KE$$

$$W_{\text{net}} = W_{\text{consForce}}$$

$$\Rightarrow -\Delta U = \Delta KE$$

$$\Rightarrow -(-40.0 \text{ J}) = KE_2 - \frac{1}{2} \text{mv}_1^2$$

$$\Rightarrow KE_2 = (40.0 \text{ J}) + \frac{1}{2} \text{mv}_1$$

$$= (40.0 \text{ J}) + \frac{1}{2} (5.00 \text{ kg}) (3.00 \text{ m/s})^2$$

$$= 62.5 \text{ J}$$

3.)